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1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
2	EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK		
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4	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	, : :	15-CR-381 (RJD)
5	Plaintiff,	:	United States Courthouse Brooklyn, New York
6	-against-	:	July 13, 2017
7	VITALY KORCHEVSKY,	:	2:45 p.m.
8	Defendant.	:	
9		x	
10	TRANSCRIPT OF CRIMINAL CAUSE FOR STATUS CONFERENCE BEFORE THE HONORABLE RAYMOND J. DEARIE		
	UNITED STATES SENIOR DISTRICT JUDGE		
11	APPEARANCES		
12 13	For the Plaintiff: BRIDGET M. ROHDE  UNITED STATES ATTORNEY		
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18	For the Defendant:	·	
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20	I	BY: STEVE	N BRILL, ESQ.
21		JAMES	HEALY, ESQ.
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24	Proceedings recorded by mechanical stenography. Transcript		
25	produced by computer-aided transcription.		

on the subject. Now almost a year has passed since then.

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And thirdly, I also understood the problem in this

case was not a lack of information but too much information. 1 And I think, with all due respect to counsel, without seeming 2 3 to criticize either side, I think, cutting through all of this, what this is about is not so much particulars but for 4 5 help. 6 And who could blame you? As I said, I'm not being 7 critical. Much of what you apparently requested in this 8 rather extraordinary document is on its face evidentiary. And I could just deny it, send you packing, and have at it. But 9 10 I'm conscious of the fact that counsel has a formidable task 11 sifting through all this information and developing a focus 12 for trial and needs some direction; hence, this application. 13 And I'm sympathetic to it as much as I was surprised by it. 14 So, I want to know what's going on and why the 15 Government doesn't, if they haven't, responded with a certain 16 sensitivity to the challenges that confront defense counsel in 17 a case that is on its face simple -- Dolan information, 18 provided to middlemen, relayed to traders -- but, yet, in 19 terms of preparation, it is an imposing task no doubt by virtue of the sheer volume of information you're dealing with. 20 21 So, let me ask a couple of questions. What is at 22 the heart of this? What do you need that you don't have? 23 For example, press releases were misappropriated.

MR. TUCKER: Yes, your Honor. Let me just take a

Have we identified those specific press releases?

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step back, Judge.

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say yes.

THE COURT: Let me ask my question. I don't cut people short, I'll give you whatever time you like.

MR. TUCKER: I apologize, sir.

THE COURT: Have we identified those releases?

MR. TUCKER: We've identified the transactions, which I think is actually even more important. And then there's a document that's been produced to the defense that associates the press releases with transactions, so I would

THE COURT: If you don't have the press release itself, which is somewhat surprising, how does a lawyer decide whether or not the press release itself contains material

private information, material nonpublic? 14

> MR. TUCKER: The press releases themselves are available online, Judge. They're available to everybody. Government doesn't have, like, a single repository of where all the press releases sit. There isn't a folder at my desk that contains all those press releases printed out.

But we have the transactions that we think are suspicious, and those are identified. And then the associated press releases are identified with those transactions.

THE COURT: And those press releases are readily available online to this day?

MR. TUCKER: Yes, Judge. You can Google them.

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THE COURT: Have you shared that information with
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     your colleague over here?
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               MR. TUCKER: Yes, Judge.
               MR. BRILL: I guess I respectfully dispute what the
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     Government is saying. I don't -- they've given us the
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     transactions that they alleged to be improper. That's true.
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               THE COURT: Just so that I'm sure I understand, the
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     transactions that took place during this -- I forget what the
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     expression is -- "window," which is a fairly narrow window,
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     because as I read the information, and, let's face it, this
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     indictment is hardly a bare bones indictment, but as I read
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     the information, the release was provided to the company,
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     victim company, and within a day, sometimes even less than a
     day, it was issued. So, we have a very narrow window.
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               And I assume, then, that the transactions to which
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     you allude occurred within that window.
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               MR. TUCKER: Yes, your Honor.
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               THE COURT:
                          Okay.
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               MR. BRILL: So, we were given a spreadsheet that
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     alleges those improper trades that your Honor just described.
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     That's also part of one of our requests, but I won't -- we can
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     put that to the side.
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               THE COURT: Did you draft this document?
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               MR. BRILL: It was a joint effort. Only if I know
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     if you like the document.
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1 MR. HEALY: He wants to know if you like it before 2 he says that.

MR. BRILL: Your Honor's question, more to the point, I'm not exactly sure the Government has turned over the press releases specifically as they pertain to those number of alleged improper trades. We have been given, it is true, spreadsheets of thousands of -- not press releases, but the idea that press releases were drafted, were disseminated. And then we can go to those spreadsheets and say let's figure out the date and then we can --

THE COURT: I assume the date is on the spreadsheet.

MR. BRILL: Yes, dates for sure.

But more to the point, your Honor, which is the basis of our request, which is -- and I think your Honor alluded to this a little bit -- the press releases are pretty critical. The press releases themselves.

THE COURT: They're available.

MR. BRILL: If that's what the Government is saying, for us to take a critical piece of their evidence, which is here's what we believe was stolen, these are allegedly stolen proceeds, in a sense, for lack of a better term, and then the materiality within those stolen press releases were then known before they were public and traded on, it seems very odd to me that if that's the Government's case in theory, that the actual stolen proceeds or any facsimile thereof are not given

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reasonable proceeding, I need your cooperation.

MR. TUCKER: Judge, I completely agree. Look, I want to be clear -- I hope it's coming across -- the Government is also sympathetic. When we started our discovery -- just boiling this down to the simplest ideas -- we have these massive collections of trading data, massive collections of forensic data, which were disclosed two years ago. Defense counsel has made requests.

What we have done is we have distilled these massive amounts of data into work product that, frankly, would be trial exhibits and given them to the defense months, sometimes more than months in advance, just to help the process along.

We were surprised as well by the bill of particulars because we talk to defense counsel all the time and we provide them with work product all the time. We provided them with a list of everything we've turned over in discovery so that they'd have an index. We provided them with this table of all these suspicious trades months in advance. And the response typically seems like: Is this it? Are you committed to this? Is this the end?

And that puts us in a difficult spot because by providing this intermediate work product to help the process along to protect the trial date, now we're risking being prejudiced and committed to something far in advance of trial.

THE COURT: No, they can't have it both ways. You, as lawyers, can work that sort of thing out. It's not going

to be an application like a civil case; motion to preclude,
they didn't turn over --

MR. BRILL: I might disagree with the premise, your Honor. It's as if the Government has done us a favor by providing the spreadsheet which shows what Mr. Korchevsky did illegally. It's the case. So, I don't think what we've asked for and the fact that they've made a spreadsheet of the evidence that they claim was improper, inculpatory, is asking for anything totally in outer space. So, I disagree with the premise that they have gone beyond. We've gotten what they've given us and we believe we're deserving of this.

If this was an insider trading case, your Honor, and not like ours, but like one company, two companies, where you see those types of cases, everything about the trades at issue would be turned over. That would be the critical piece of the Government's case. So, this case is really no different except, for better or worse, we have 750 trades that are alleged. So, why shouldn't we be given the same courtesy—not "courtesy," but be given the information of each of those trades if they're saying that it's improper; similarly, if this was one company and someone just traded and made one trade—

THE COURT: Now I'm confused. I thought they were giving the trades.

MR. TUCKER: Yes, Judge.

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MR. BRILL: I guess I'm just responding to the idea
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     that they've given us -- we're back to the press releases.
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     We're asking for the press releases that correspond to those
     750 trades. You asked about press releases; we don't have
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     that.
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               THE COURT: Apparently, they don't have it either.
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               MS. DEAN: We don't have them, your Honor. We
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     anticipate -- we have an expert that we've noticed who is
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     doing an analysis of all of the alleged improper trading and
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     we are endeavoring to collect the press releases that underlie
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     these trades. We do not currently have them, but we
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     represented to Mr. Brill before your Honor came out on the
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     bench that if and when we do collect them, that we will turn
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     them over immediately. But we don't have a folder.
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               THE COURT: This case has been pending now for two
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             The heart of the matter is these stolen press
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     releases. And you don't have them?
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               MR. TUCKER: Well, Judge, just to be clear, hundreds
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     of thousands of press releases were stolen.
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               THE COURT: But the companies are two or three or
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     four, right?
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               MR. TUCKER: Right.
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               THE COURT:
                          Hundreds of thousands of press releases.
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               MR. TUCKER: I don't think Mr. Brill wants a hundred
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     thousand press releases. He wants the 750 --
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MS. DEAN: He actually does have them; they're on a computer. But he's saying he wants them identified, the 750 specifically identified. That is what we do not have identified for him. THE COURT: Say that again. MS. DEAN: He has a computer that has the stolen press releases on it, but he would have to go into the computer and look at them and he doesn't necessarily want all of the hundreds of thousands of press releases that are found on the computer. THE COURT: He wants the ones you're going to use at trial. MS. DEAN: Right. So, we are attempting to gather that for him, but we told him we do not currently have that contained universe of press releases. But we are not holding anything about. MR. BRILL: I just want to try to focus. If they're saying that there are press releases on a server that I have in my possession, then that's an answer to my question, which is -- so, identify that for us. So, they're the press release. Okay, I can live with that. I don't recall knowing that until now or until we spoke. So, a lot about this bill of particulars, your Honor -- and I'm very mindful, I don't want to waste anybody's

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time. I understand the bill of particulars is very frowned

upon and it usually can be worked out. I get all that. But a 1 lot of this is finding a needle in the haystack, a lot of our 2 3 requests. So, if --THE COURT: That's what I said. It's not a bill of 4 5 particulars, it's you need some help. 6 MR. BRILL: Okay. But then I hate to say this, but 7 your Honor then says well, he doesn't -- Mr. Brill doesn't 8 want all hundred thousand press releases. Okay, well, I don't 9 know if that's the case because -- I'll tell you why, your 10 Honor. 11 Just to give the Court an understanding of what this 12 case is really about, they're claiming that all of those press 13 release were stolen by hackers. And I don't know what was 14 available to the co-defendants. I'm trying to find out what 15 they're saying was available to Mr. Korchevsky, if any. 16 the point is, if there were 100,000 available to 17 co-defendants, your Honor, but only 750 trades were made or 18 1,000 trades were made, and it seems to me -- and that perhaps 19 the hundred thousand is relevant and we should be given. 20 You know, the Government can say that's ridiculous, 21 but it's their case. They're saying a hundred thousand press 22 releases stolen. So, why were the ones that were stolen --23 only certain ones were used, and why shouldn't we be able to 24 evaluate that and defend the case accordingly?

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So, you're hearing the problems with the

preparation, which is, okay, something was stolen; 100,000 of 1 They may be relevant to figure out a theory of the 2 them. 3 defense, but we don't have them and we don't even have the ones that correlate to the improper trades. 4 5 THE COURT: The latter group you are going to have. 6 And if I understand Ms. Dean's comment, you'll have all press 7 releases the Government now has in its possession. That's correct, your Honor. So when it's 8 MS. DEAN: 9 too much, we're told it's too much. 10 The thing you do is to meet periodically THE COURT: 11 and to have this kind of exchange --12 MR. BRILL: Like I said --13 THE COURT: When you get a motion for bill of 14 particulars that extracts, for example, 50 individual names 15 that have appeared somewhere in the voluminous discovery that 16 you've been given and you ask for virtually everything, from 17 their blood type to their next of kin --18 MR. BRILL: I'll withdraw that, your Honor; I mean 19 the blood type. 20 THE COURT: We're making progress. You can see why 21 I decided this should not await formal briefing and we need to 22 get to the heart of the matter. 23 And I need to ask you this basic question. I'm 24 going to repeat it: Bottom line -- I hate the expression 25 "bottom line" -- what is it that you find you need that is not

asking the Government to become your paralegal? What is it 1 2 that you need as we go forward in the final phase before the 3 trial? What is it? Because if it's reasonable, I'm going to push the 4 5 Government to provide it. So far what I'm hearing is they're 6 providing it; they may not be putting labels, but as they get 7 closer to the trial and they, for themselves, figure out what 8 press releases are going to be used and what trades, et cetera, they will tell you. So, you're in pretty good shape 9 10 there. 11 MR. BRILL: That's with respect to press releases. 12 THE COURT: That's with respect to this entire 13 document. What is it that you need here, Mr. Brill, to 14 prepare yourself for the trial? 15 MR. BRILL: Your Honor, I didn't put anything in 16 there that I didn't need. If you're asking me to kind of boil 17 it down, press releases were important. Maybe the second 18 priority was the connection, the alleged connection, between 19 our client, Mr. Korchevsky, and the nonpublic information. 20 THE COURT: If I were in your shoes, I'd be asking 21 for the same thing. 22 MR. BRILL: What I don't really understand --23 THE COURT: How the Government is going to prove it. What I'm asking for I think is 24 MR. BRILL: No. 25 reasonable, and maybe I'm the one not understanding what

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everybody else seems to understand. I'm not asking for their proof, okay? I'm not asking for them to try their case.

What I'm asking for is that if there is evidence among the millions of documents and servers and images of computers that connect through forensically -- I'm not talking about 3500 material where someone's going to come in and say yeah, I did this with Mr. Korchevsky, I'm talking about if it exists already in some documentation way or forensic way, then I just want to be pointed to that. And that's what I ask.

So, if your Honor asks me what also is most important, if it exists I'd like for the Government to point me to that particular piece of evidence that they say I already have that I have to search through Lord knows what.

THE COURT: For information purposes, we have certain trades we clearly can demonstrate were affected by your client.

MR. BRILL: Correct.

THE COURT: And we know when those trades occurred. Presumably, they're going to be able to prove when these releases were stolen; hence, the window, okay? So, we know that your client, according to the Government, traded within the window, we know what was stolen.

And, so, beyond the circumstantial proof as to the timing of these trades vis-a-vis the theft of the information, what is it that you're asking?

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               MR. BRILL: Evidence that connects -- if it exists,
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     connects Mr. Korchevsky with the nonpublic information.
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               THE COURT:
                          Beyond the circumstances of his trade?
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               MR. BRILL: Correct.
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               THE COURT: Well, if they have an insider --
               MR. BRILL: No -- I'm sorry.
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               If there's an insider, then they can say it and
     that's the 3500 and then I understand that's coming. But what
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     I'm asking for is what I already have, is there evidence of
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     the connection between --
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               THE COURT: There are some e-mails. I saw that in
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     the indictment.
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               MR. BRILL: There are tens of thousands of e-mails.
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               THE COURT: It don't want to fight with you.
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     here to help you.
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               MR. BRILL: I'm not taking it as a fight. There are
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     tens of thousands of e-mails from everybody, from the 50 names
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     that, you know, are placed there.
               So, my point is that I'm asking a specific question
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     in the bill of particulars, which is the evidence that exists
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     that connects Mr. Korchevsky with the nonpublic information.
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     I mean, it's a specific question. If it exists through
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     forensics, your Honor.
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               I'll give you an example. This is totally out of
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     the blue. If one of Mr. Korchevsky's computers is connected
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to the nonpublic information before it's disseminated to the
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     public, that may exist among the 20 computer images that were
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     provided to us.
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               THE COURT: Sure.
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               MR. BRILL: But instead of looking through all
     those, which is almost impossible --
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               THE COURT: No, no, no.
               MR. BRILL: -- then the question is does it exist
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     and where?
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               THE COURT: The question is: Do you have the stolen
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     information on Mr. Korchevsky's computer during the window?
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               MR. TUCKER: On Mr. Korchevsky's computer? No,
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     Judge.
               Just for the record, Judge, and I don't want to
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     bring us down too low into this, Mr. Brill and I have had many
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     conversations where we have painstakingly walked him through
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     the Government's theories, simply to avoid taking the Court's
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     time.
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               So, the indictment talks about what Court's -- the
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     evidence -- the Government's, excuse me, the Government's
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     proof is, and your Honor is exactly right: It's laid out in
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     the indictment.
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               THE COURT: Well, I wouldn't say it's "laid out."
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               MR. TUCKER: It is cooperators and it is
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     corroborative communications. That is the core of what we're
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1 doing. MR. BRILL: What I'm saying is not mutually excusive 2 3 to their cooperation and the indictment. What I'm asking for Thank you for taking may call and telling me that 4 Okav. 5 here is what we think occurred. 6 Now I'd like to do my job as defense attorneys to 7 look at the evidence to say: Does what Mr. Tucker told me 8 even make sense compared to the evidence? Where is the 9 evidence of what Mr. Tucker said? 10 So, I'd like to see that. That's what I'm asking 11 I appreciate Mr. Tucker telling me certain things, but 12 that doesn't answer the question as to is there a forensic 13 connection between Mr. Korchevsky and the nonpublic information? 14 We know now it's not on Mr. Korchevsky's computers. 15 16 They've said that now formally. Is it on some other computer 17 that Mr. Korchevsky connected to? Again, I'm thinking --18 THE COURT: Just to be certain here so we don't 19 misunderstand each other, I asked a very specific question: 20 Was the stolen merchandise found on Mr. Korchevsky's computer? 21 MR. BRILL: Understood. 22 THE COURT: The answer was no. That doesn't mean 23 there weren't e-mails evidencing a knowledge on the part of 24 your client. If you call that forensic -- I don't know what

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you mean by "forensic" entirely, but if that's forensic

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evidence, I can tell you right now from reading of the
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     indictment that the grand jury alleges such evidence exists.
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               If you want to know all the evidence, that's what
     you just said, what's the evidence, and I don't blame you for
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     asking for the evidence. Whether you're entitled to it or not
     is another question. But we need an answer because they seem
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 7
     willing to give it to you.
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               MR. TUCKER: Yes, Judge, we've really been trying.
               THE COURT: Oh, don't get the holier than thou on
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     me.
               MR. TUCKER: I apologize. I'm not trying to do
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12
     that, Judge.
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               I guess on the flip side of that, like, there are
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     limits on what Government is required to proffer months before
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     trial.
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               THE COURT:
                          True.
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               MR. TUCKER: And we've gone way past that.
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                          I would expect on a case like this to go
               THE COURT:
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     well past it. What's the downside, he'll be prepared to
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     defend his client?
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               MR. TUCKER: That's the theory, Judge. We want a
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     trial on time.
                     We wanted our old trial date; now we're going
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     to trial when we're going. We want this trial date to work.
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               THE COURT: You said go to trial what?
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               MR. TUCKER: When we're going. We're going to trial
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at the end of October now. We liked our old trial date. 1 2 The point is, Judge, the Government is trying to 3 work with defense counsel, we are committed to continuing to We were, frankly, surprised by the motion and its 4 5 breadth as well, but we are here to help as best we can. 6 THE COURT: The man needs some help and I expect you 7 to help him out. 8 I'm going to stop. I've made my position clear on this and I expect there to be a response. 9 10 MR. TUCKER: I apologize, Judge, because I don't 11 know if I'm 100 percent clear. Defense counsel has not 12 articulated, as I understand it, something specific that he 13 still wants that he doesn't have. He wants the evidence. 14 MR. BRILL: I can try a third time. 15 THE COURT: No, I thought he was quite specific the 16 last time, and you've responded: To the extent you have it, 17 when you have it, you'll provide it. 18 MR. TUCKER: Fair enough. 19 MR. BRILL: That's with respect to press releases. 20 THE COURT: How are you going to prove 21 Mr. Korchevsky's knowledge? That is the question. 22 MR. BRILL: I'm sorry, your Honor, with respect. 23 Not that broad, but more -- I'm again trying to be as specific 24 as I can and treat it like any other insider trading 25 allegation, which is the Government has evidence that the

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Defendant in any insider trading case had access to the actual information that is claimed to be material and inside. That's an oversimplification.

So, all I'm asking for is the same thing, not whether -- all I'm asking for is something very specific with respect to that broad theory, which is: Is there evidence among the thousands of pages of discovery that establishes not e-mails between the co-defendants but a connection between Mr. Korchevsky and the actual release, in whatever form, whether it came from the server itself -- no one is alleging Mr. Korchevsky did any hacking, so I don't think that's here. But those press releases were stolen and then they went somewhere.

The question is: Is there any evidence among all of this that shows a connection directly between Mr. Korchevsky and that particular piece of evidence, the press releases themselves? Not through some communication that he may have had with some co-defendant. That's my question.

So, if you asked me, your Honor, what does this whole day come down to so we can all go about our day, which probably everybody feels like they want to do, then that would be the question. If that evidence exists, I just want to be pointed to it.

If it's computer evidence through the expert, then show me Mr. Korchevsky's IP address connects to another

computer which has the press release. Okay, that answers my question, we all conclude. But that's the crux of.

THE COURT: That's the question you have put to the Government and they haven't answered it?

MR. BRILL: I don't think so.

MR. TUCKER: Judge, I'm really not trying to be difficult. If the question is did we find any press releases on Mr. Korchevsky's computer or in his home, the answer is no. And I think we have answered that question.

If the question is broader, like what is the Government's evidence that he had access to the press releases, then your Honor has already gotten to it: It's e-mail, it's IP records, it's text messages. And those have been disclosed.

MR. BRILL: Thank you. So, it's IP records. We're getting somewhere. Fine, IP records.

Now, what does that do for us when the Government says IP evidence exists between Mr. Korchevsky and another location that has the press releases? So, what do I do with that as a defense attorney?

Do I say I'll just figure out which of the many devices and servers that occurred on and try to find that -- forensically that connection? It's a very tall order and unreasonable, I think, as opposed to here is the evidence that shows an IP address from your client's device to an IP address

of another device that has the press release. 1 2 If that exists, fine. If it doesn't exist, that's 3 fine too. But that's what I'm asking for. So, if your Honor wants me to boil that all down, that's what I thought I asked 4 5 for in the bill of particulars and that's what I'm asking for 6 now. 7 THE COURT: There's a lot in the bill of 8 particulars. 9 So, an IP connection between your client's computer and the computer of a middleman? 10 11 MR. BRILL: Okay. Yes, I mean, that was the 12 connection. Mr. Tucker says IP reports that prove some 13 connection between Mr. Korchevsky and the inside information, the nonpublic information. What is that? Where is that? 14 15 MR. TUCKER: I can't do this on the fly, Judge. 16 Those things exist; I don't have Bates numbers memorized. Ιf 17 the Court is directing the Government to proffer its trial 18 evidence now, that's tough for us. 19 THE COURT: You haven't heard that from me. 20 MR. TUCKER: I apologize. 21 THE COURT: Let's cut through all the classic 22 language, bills of particulars and so forth. Is he looking 23 for evidence? Yes, of course he's looking for evidence. He's 24 looking for evidence that he has. He's looking for focus, 25 he's looking for help. If you have a connection from an IP

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address of a middleman, say, to Mr. Korchevsky, that's what he's looking for.

You call that forensic evidence?

MR. BRILL: Yes, it's computer forensic evidence.

If it even exists. I'm just asking if it exists. That's the bill of particulars. I'm not saying it exists. We don't admit that.

THE COURT: Do you know?

MR. TUCKER: I don't, Judge.

MR. HEALY: Your Honor, one thing that concerns me about the discussion on the press releases earlier: When the Government said we can Google them.

And that is true because I've done some of that to get a sense of what it might have been. The problem if you read the motion is that once it's Googleable, it's no longer nonpublic. And we've specifically asked for the press release as it was uploaded to the servers because it may not be the same thing. There may have been some — we don't know. We're not newswire services. It may have been edited. And to say we Googled this, ladies and gentlemen of the jury, and here's the press release that came out, that's not nonpublic information at that point.

We actually need to know what was the information Mr. Korchevsky is alleged to have traded on. And that would have been the press release as it appeared on the server when

it was allegedly taken off the server.

THE COURT: That is correct. Can't deny that.

MR. HEALY: I guess my concern is when they say they're going to get them, I'm relying on the fact that the Government will be turning over the press releases. Not that the federal government has Googled for them -- no disrespect to the federal government -- but those are press releases received from the newswire services.

THE COURT: From what I know -- don't rely on this -- once it's turned over to service, I'd be very shocked to know it's ever been changed.

MS. DEAN: At a very high level, I think at the end of the day we don't have some of the things that the defense wants in the form that they want it. When they do make requests of us, we endeavor, to the extent we can, to pull that together for them and turn it over. And what we can commit to the Court is to continue to that between now and the trial date.

I think we've been on the phone multiple times a week every week for months now and I think all we can really do is commit to the Court that we will continue to do that. Some of what they're looking for and asking for we simply don't have or we don't have it in the simplified form that they want it. When they call us and ask for things, we do our best to get it to them. I'm not sure we can say much more

than that. 1 2 We've also represented that we anticipate turning 3 over trial exhibits and Jencks Act materials well in advance 4 of trial; not two weeks out, three weeks out, we were thinking 5 more along the lines of about a month. And we've said that 6 multiple times to the defense as well. 7 MR. BRILL: I thought we agreed on six weeks. 8 THE COURT: You keep filing these motions, that six 9 weeks is going to shrink to six days. I say that facetiously. 10 I don't blame you for filing the motion, not at all. 11 One thing that has just come up, I assume we can 12 find out in light of the issuer or from the service that there 13 were no changes made between the transmittal of the release to 14 the victim company and its public dissemination. 15 MR. TUCKER: We can ask the question, absolutely. 16 MR. BRILL: May I end with one last point, then? 17 Back to the spreadsheet that alleges the improper trades that 18 Mr. Korchevsky engaged in --19 THE COURT: Could I interrupt? 20 How many trades do you anticipate proving of 21 Mr. Korchevsky's at trial? 22 MR. TUCKER: Judge, I think that the universe of 23 trades we think were illegal is what we've been talking about, 24 this 750 number. Because we're not going to try to kill the

jury, I think we'll highlight a subset of those trades in an

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1 effort to move things along. 2 Is that responsive to your Honor's question? 3 not trying to be evasive. 4 THE COURT: "Highlight"? 5 MR. TUCKER: Yes. As Ms. Dean noted, we have an 6 expert who is really the type of expert who's going to sort of 7 march through our trading data and sort of make it consumable 8 for the jury. There are certain trades; a subset of those trades, which we honestly haven't chosen yet, which are 9 10 representative examples. 11 THE COURT: I take it you're going to have somebody 12 testify, you're going to go through the forensic side about 13 the computers and the theft and when they occurred and what 14 was taken. MR. TUCKER: Yes; so far, exactly right. 15 16 THE COURT: Step one. Then you're going to put in 17 trades. Then you'll put in something in the nature of a 18 summary or expert witness making a circumstantial connection 19 bolstered by your e-mail and texts, right? 20 MR. TUCKER: Exactly, Judge. 21 MR. BRILL: And then insider. 22 MR. TUCKER: That's 100 percent correct, Judge. 23 MR. BRILL: I appreciate your Honor's summary of it. 24 I'm aware of that and we join in our anticipated -- in the 25 anticipated theory on the Government's end.

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THE COURT: Ever find any contraband on Mr. 1 Korchevsky? When I say "contraband," I don't mean evidence, I 2 3 mean press releases themselves on his computer during the point in time. 4 5 MR. TUCKER: Standing here today, that is my 6 understanding. 7 MR. BRILL: Your Honor is honing in. I think, with 8 all due respect, the last question your Honor then should ask 9 to finish out what your Honor just inquired about is: Okay, 10 there's no press releases on Mr. Korchevsky's computer; in his 11 possession as you put it, contraband in his possession. But 12 is there -- as part of the evidence, yes, that we have been 13 given that we are trying to sift through, a -- again, I'm 14 repeating -- connection between Mr. Korchevsky and the 15 nonpublic information? 16 So, on top of what your Honor just said. And that 17 is a critical question and if I had to boil this all down, 18 that's what I'm asking. If the answer is no, that it's just 19 circumstantially, it's the expert, look at these trades, 20 they're odd, they're strange, it shows he must have had it, I 21 can live with that. THE COURT: It seems to me, given the algorithms the 22 23 commission has and this went on for five years, it's -- well, 24 I'm not experienced enough to use the word I was attempting to 25 use. I was surprised that the pattern didn't become apparent

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more quickly. Or maybe I'm assuming facts. 1 2 MR. TUCKER: I don't know about that, Judge. That's 3 an interesting question that I don't know the answer to, I'm 4 sorry. 5 Does the Court have a question related to that? We 6 have an SEC expert who is going to talk about that process. 7 THE COURT: To cut through this last series of questions, is there some sort of a surprise? 8 9 MR. TUCKER: No, Judge, there really isn't. Your 10 Honor, what your Honor just went through was a conversation 11 that Mr. Brill and I had a year ago --12 THE COURT: Well, I'm a little slow, forgive me. 13 MR. TUCKER: You figured it out without me giving It's exactly what you described. We're really 14 you answers. 15 not trying to hide the ball. The Government wants to do this 16 trial on time. I've been on trial before your Honor before; I 17 know that you're not going to like it if we spring something 18 on defense. That would be bad for the Government. 19 in anyone's interest. 20 MR. BRILL: I'm not saying anybody is springing 21 anything on us. I'm saying it was already provided to us, but 22 the nature of the case -- I think the premise of this whole 23 discussion is that the nature of this case is extremely 24 unique, it's extremely complex. There are computer images

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that have massive amounts of data that were provided to us.

This is not your simple, typical case by a long shot. 1 What is all this data? 2 THE COURT: 3 MR. TUCKER: I'm not sure what data Mr. Brill is referring to. 4 5 THE COURT: Trading records. 6 There were devices that were seized from MR. BRILL: 7 Mr. Korchevsky and devices that were seized from several of 8 the co-defendants. Every single one of those devices, laptops 9 that we all have -- laptops were imaged, so every single item 10 within those laptops were provided to us. Okay, great, right? 11 The Government really went beyond and gave us everything that 12 they had. And I know it was a job for them to do that and I 13 always said we appreciate that. 14 But then we have to defend the case. So, we're 15 given the images, but how do we find what we need to know 16 about the case? Or else it's just a complete waste of 17 everybody's time. 18 THE COURT: Too much of a good thing, huh? 19 MR. HEALY: I think the simplest way to explain it, 20 from my perspective, is that in terms of the last time I 21 looked, we're up to Bates number 2,800,000 and something. 22 of that, if you just said there's a couple hundred thousand 23 e-mails, that includes, you know, you may already be a winner, 24 it includes honey don't forget to the pick up the milk, as

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well as things in foreign languages.

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It's not that we don't want to do our jobs. We do
want to do our jobs. But the language that's been going
around, needle in a haystack, grain of sand on the beach --
          THE COURT: I don't use that language.
          MR. HEALY: That's the language on this side of the
table, your Honor.
          THE COURT: I think perhaps I read it in your
motion.
          MR. HEALY: I think perhaps you did, your Honor.
          All we're asking for is a little clarity on some of
these things, which I think everyone would agree if there's a
document that implicates a computer IP address registered to
Mr. Korchevsky that accessed one of the middlemen's Dropbox
accounts, if there is such a document I don't think anybody
would say we're not entitled to that document. The problem
we're having is the Government is saying it's somewhere in
those 2,800,000 stack we gave you.
          THE COURT: A reasonable being, not I, could
question whether you're entitled to that document, first of
     We all know what the black-and-white law on the subject
is.
     That said, I thought I heard: We don't have those.
          MR. TUCKER: That's right, Judge.
          MR. BRILL: I thought Mr. Tucker said IP reports.
I'm not trying to read into --
          THE COURT: Here is what you need to do, in my
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judgment: You need to fashion specific questions to them.
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     it in writing if you feel more comfortable. I don't think it
 3
     fosters the kind of relationship you want to have with your
 4
     adversary given the circumstances you're in, but do it the way
 5
     you think is best. Very specific questions.
 6
               To the extent you think you are entitled, you don't
 7
     get it, or don't get assurance that you will get it when they
     have it or they have prepared it, come back to me, and then
 8
 9
     I'll make a ruling.
10
                            Thank you, your Honor.
               MR. TUCKER:
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               MR. HEALY:
                           Thank you.
12
               THE DEFENDANT: Thank you very much.
13
                           Have a nice day, everybody.
               MR. BRILL:
14
               THE COURT:
                           It think it was a profitable discussion
15
     for all concerned.
16
               MR. TUCKER: I certainly enjoyed dancing for your
17
     Honor, as always.
18
                              Thank you very much.
               THE DEFENDANT:
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               THE COURT: I invite you all, to the extent your
20
     able, as Judge Weinstein celebrates and we commemorate his 50
21
     years on the bench in one-half hour.
22
               (A chorus of congratulations.)
23
               (Matter concluded.)
24
       I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from
        The record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter.
25
                /s/ Linda A. Marino
                                            July 21, 2017
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